

Spectral Gamma-Ray Borehole Log Data Report

Page 1 of 2

Log Event A

Borehole 40-03-08

Borehole Information

N-Coord : 36,200 **W-Coord** : 75,910 **TOC** Elevation : 662.69

Water Level, ft : Date Drilled : 3/31/1974

Casing Record

Type: Steel-welded Thickness: 0.280 ID, in.: $\underline{6}$

Top Depth, ft. : $\underline{0}$ Bottom Depth, ft. : $\underline{100}$

Borehole Notes:

According to the driller's records, this borehole was not perforated or grouted. The casing thickness is presumed to be 0.280 in., on the basis of published thickness for schedule-40, 6-in. steel tubing.

Equipment Information

 Logging System :
 1
 Detector Type :
 HPGe
 Detector Efficiency:
 35.0 %

 Calibration Date :
 04/1996
 Calibration Reference :
 GJPO-HAN-5
 Logging Procedure : P-GJPO-1783

Log Run Information

Log Run Number: 1 Log Run Date: 06/14/1996 Logging Engineer: Kim Benham

Start Depth, ft.: $\underline{96.0}$ Counting Time, sec.: $\underline{100}$ L/R: \underline{L} Shield: \underline{N} Finish Depth, ft.: $\underline{0.0}$ MSA Interval, ft.: $\underline{0.5}$ Log Speed, ft/min.: $\underline{n/a}$



Spectral Gamma-Ray Borehole Log Data Report

Page 2 of 2

Log Event A

Borehole 40-03-08

Analysis Information

Analyst: S.D. Barry

Data Processing Reference : P-GJPO-1787 Analysis Date : 03/10/1997

Analysis Notes:

This borehole was logged in one log run. The pre- and post-survey field verification spectra met the acceptance criteria established for the peak shape and detector efficiency, confirming that the SGLS was operating within specifications. The energy calibration and peak-shape calibration from these spectra were used to establish the channel-to-energy parameters used in processing the spectra acquired during the logging operation.

Casing correction factors for a 0.280-in.-thick steel casing were applied during analysis.

The only man-made radionuclide detected around this borehole was Cs-137. The presence of Cs-137 was measured from the ground surface to about 11 ft. The maximum calculated Cs-137 concentration was 4.9 pCi/g at the ground surface which is considered an apparent concentration value.

The KUT concentration values increase at about 69 ft.

Additional information and interpretations of log data are included in the main body of the Tank Summary Data Report for tank S-103.

Log Plot Notes:

Separate log plots show the man-made and the naturally occurring radionuclides. The natural radionuclides can be used for lithology interpretations. The headings of the plots identify the specific gamma rays used to calculate the concentrations.

Uncertainty bars on the plots show the statistical uncertainties for the measurements as 95-percent confidence intervals. Open circles on the plots give the MDL. The MDL of a radionuclide represents the lowest concentration at which positive identification of a gamma-ray peak is statistically defensible.

A combination plot includes the man-made and natural radionuclides, the total gamma derived from the spectral data, and the Tank Farms gross gamma log. The gross gamma plot displays the latest available digital data. No attempt has been made to adjust the depths of the gross gamma logs to coincide with the SGLS data.